1	ABORTION CHANGES
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee
5	Senate Sponsor: Daniel McCay
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to abortion.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>modifies definitions;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>requires abortions to be performed in a hospital with limited exceptions;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>prohibits licensing of abortion clinics after May 2, 2023;</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>removes certain references to abortion clinics;</li> </ul>
16	<ul> <li>provides that inducing or performing an abortion contrary to statutory requirements</li> </ul>
17	is unprofessional conduct for a physician, osteopathic physician, physician assistant,
18	advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, and direct-entry
19	midwife;
20	<ul> <li>modifies provisions that govern what constitutes a medical emergency in relation to</li> </ul>
21	an abortion;
22	<ul> <li>modifies the conditions under which an abortion may be performed to protect the</li> </ul>
23	life or health of the mother;
24	<ul> <li>amends language related to medical defects of a fetus;</li> </ul>
25	repeals the statute that established a prohibition on abortions after 18 weeks and



26	incorporates its contents into existing statute, replacing language that established
27	now-superseded viability standards;
28	<ul> <li>standardizes language between various statutes that regulate abortion;</li> </ul>
29	<ul> <li>requires a physician, in the case of a diagnosis of a lethal fetal anomaly, to give</li> </ul>
30	notice of the availability of perinatal hospice and perinatal palliative care services as
31	an alternative to abortion;
32	<ul> <li>treats an individual who becomes pregnant at a certain age as having the same</li> </ul>
33	access to abortion services as rape or incest situations;
34	<ul> <li>restricts the ability to receive an abortion due to rape or incest to a pregnancy where</li> </ul>
35	the unborn child has not reached 18 weeks gestational age;
36	<ul> <li>modifies state of mind standards for criminal act;</li> </ul>
37	<ul><li>provides for severability;</li></ul>
38	<ul> <li>provides for regulation of drugs that are known to be used in relation to an abortion;</li> </ul>
39	<ul> <li>creates a criminal offense for prescribing a drug for the purpose of causing an</li> </ul>
40	abortion, unless the prescriber is licensed as a physician under the laws of this state;
41	and
42	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
43	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
44	None
45	Other Special Clauses:
46	None
47	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
48	AMENDS:
49	26-21-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 282
50	26-21-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 349
51	26-21-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 74
52	26-21-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 209
53	26-21-25, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 218
54	58-31b-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 290
55	58-44a-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 25
56	58-67-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 12, 339

57	58-67-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 337
58	58-68-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 12, 339
59	58-68-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 337
60	58-70a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 312
61	58-77-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 299
62	631-2-276, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 117
63	76-7-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
54	76-7-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335
55	76-7-302.4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 124
66	76-7-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 282
67	76-7-304.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 287
68	76-7-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 181
59	76-7-314, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 208
70	76-7-314.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 13
71	76-7-317, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1974, Chapter 33
72	76-7a-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
73	76-7a-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 279
74	ENACTS:
15	<b>76-7-332</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
6	REPEALS:
77	76-7-302.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 208
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79	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
30	Section 1. Section <b>26-21-6.5</b> is amended to read:
31	26-21-6.5. Licensing of an abortion clinic Rulemaking authority Fee.
32	(1) (a) No abortion clinic may operate in the state on or after January 1, 2024, or the
33	last valid date of an abortion clinic license issued under the requirements of this section,
34	whichever date is later.
35	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a licensed abortion clinic may not perform an
36	abortion in violation of any provision of state law.
37	(2) The state may not issue a license for an abortion clinic after May 2, 2023.

88	(3) For any license that is issued under this section:
89	(a) A type I abortion clinic may not operate in the state without a license issued by the
90	department to operate a type I abortion clinic.
91	[(2)] (b) A type II abortion clinic may not operate in the state without a license issued
92	by the department to operate a type II abortion clinic.
93	[(3)] (c) The department shall make rules establishing minimum health, safety,
94	sanitary, and recordkeeping requirements for:
95	[(a)] (i) a type I abortion clinic; and
96	[(b)] (ii) a type II abortion clinic.
97	[(4)] (d) To receive and maintain a license described in this section, an abortion clinic
98	shall:
99	[(a)] (i) apply for a license on a form prescribed by the department;
100	[(b)] (ii) satisfy and maintain the minimum health, safety, sanitary, and recordkeeping
101	requirements established under Subsection [(3)] (3)(c) that relate to the type of abortion clinic
102	licensed;
103	[(e)] (iii) comply with the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Section
104	76-7-313;
105	[(d)] (iv) comply with the requirements of Title 76, Chapter 7, Part 3, Abortion, and
106	Title 76, Chapter 7a, Abortion Prohibition;
107	$[(e)]$ $\underline{(v)}$ pay the annual licensing fee; and
108	[(f)] (vi) cooperate with inspections conducted by the department.
109	[(5)] (e) The department shall, at least twice per year, inspect each abortion clinic in
110	the state to ensure that the abortion clinic is complying with all statutory and licensing
111	requirements relating to the abortion clinic. At least one of the inspections shall be made
112	without providing notice to the abortion clinic.
113	[(6)] (f) The department shall charge an annual license fee, set by the department in
114	accordance with the procedures described in Section 63J-1-504, to an abortion clinic in an
115	amount that will pay for the cost of the licensing requirements described in this section and the
116	cost of inspecting abortion clinics.
117	[(7)] (g) The department shall deposit the licensing fees described in this section in the
118	General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used solely to pay for the cost of the licensing

119	requirements described in this section and the cost of inspecting abortion clinics.
120	Section 2. Section 26-21-7 is amended to read:
121	26-21-7. Exempt facilities.
122	This chapter does not apply to:
123	(1) a dispensary or first aid facility maintained by any commercial or industrial plant,
124	educational institution, or convent;
125	(2) a health care facility owned or operated by an agency of the United States;
126	(3) the office of a physician, physician assistant, or dentist whether it is an individual
127	or group practice[, except that it does apply to an abortion clinic];
128	(4) a health care facility established or operated by any recognized church or
129	denomination for the practice of religious tenets administered by mental or spiritual means
130	without the use of drugs, whether gratuitously or for compensation, if it complies with statutes
131	and rules on environmental protection and life safety;
132	(5) any health care facility owned or operated by the Department of Corrections,
133	created in Section 64-13-2; and
134	(6) a residential facility providing 24-hour care:
135	(a) that does not employ direct care staff;
136	(b) in which the residents of the facility contract with a licensed hospice agency to
137	receive end-of-life medical care; and
138	(c) that meets other requirements for an exemption as designated by administrative
139	rule.
140	Section 3. Section 26-21-8 is amended to read:
141	26-21-8. License required Not assignable or transferable Posting
142	Expiration and renewal Time for compliance by operating facilities.
143	(1) (a) A person or governmental unit acting severally or jointly with any other person
144	or governmental unit, may not establish, conduct, or maintain a health care facility in this state
145	without receiving a license from the department as provided by this chapter and the rules
146	adopted pursuant to this chapter.
147	(b) This Subsection (1) does not apply to facilities that are exempt under Section
148	26-21-7.
149	(2) A license issued under this chapter is not assignable or transferable.

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of the state;

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150	(3) The current license shall at all times be posted in each health care facility in a place
151	readily visible and accessible to the public.
152	(4) (a) The department may issue a license for a period of time [not to exceed 12
153	months from the date of issuance for an abortion clinic and] not to exceed 24 months from the
154	date of issuance for [other] health care facilities that meet the provisions of this chapter and
155	department rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
156	(b) Each license expires at midnight on the day designated on the license as the
157	expiration date, unless previously revoked by the department.
158	(c) The license shall be renewed upon completion of the application requirements,
159	unless the department finds the health care facility has not complied with the provisions of this
160	chapter or the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
161	(5) A license may be issued under this section only for the operation of a specific
162	facility at a specific site by a specific person.
163	(6) Any health care facility in operation at the time of adoption of any applicable rules
164	as provided under this chapter shall be given a reasonable time for compliance as determined
165	by the committee.
166	Section 4. Section 26-21-11 is amended to read:
167	26-21-11. Violations Denial or revocation of license Restricting or prohibiting
168	new admissions Monitor.
169	(1) If the department finds a violation of this chapter or any rules adopted pursuant to
170	this chapter the department may take one or more of the following actions:
171	[(1)] (a) serve a written statement of violation requiring corrective action, which shall
172	include time frames for correction of all violations;
173	[(2)] (b) subject to Subsection (2), deny or revoke a license if it finds:
174	[(a)] (i) there has been a failure to comply with the rules established pursuant to this
175	chapter;
176	[(b)] (ii) evidence of aiding, abetting, or permitting the commission of any illegal act;
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[(3)] (c) restrict or prohibit new admissions to a health care facility or revoke the

[(c)] (iii) conduct adverse to the public health, morals, welfare, and safety of the people

181	license of a health care facility for:
182	[(a)] (i) violation of any rule adopted under this chapter; or
183	[(b)] (ii) permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of any illegal act in the health
184	care facility;
185	[(4)] (d) place a department representative as a monitor in the facility until corrective
186	action is completed;
187	[(5)] (e) assess to the facility the cost incurred by the department in placing a monitor;
188	[(6)] (f) assess an administrative penalty as allowed by Subsection 26-23-6(1)(a); or
189	[(7)] (g) issue a cease and desist order to the facility.
190	(2) If the department finds that an abortion has been performed in violation of Section
191	76-7-314 or 76-7a-201, the department shall deny or revoke the license.
192	Section 5. Section 26-21-25 is amended to read:
193	26-21-25. Patient identity protection.
194	(1) As used in this section:
195	(a) "EMTALA" means the federal Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor
196	Act.
197	(b) "Health professional office" means:
198	(i) a physician's office; or
199	(ii) a dental office.
200	(c) "Medical facility" means:
201	(i) a general acute hospital;
202	(ii) a specialty hospital;
203	(iii) a home health agency;
204	(iv) a hospice;
205	(v) a nursing care facility;
206	(vi) a residential-assisted living facility;
207	(vii) a birthing center;
208	(viii) an ambulatory surgical facility;
209	(ix) a small health care facility;
210	[ <del>(x) an abortion clinic;</del> ]
211	[(xi)] (x) a facility owned or operated by a health maintenance organization;

212	[(xii)] (xi) an end stage renal disease facility;
213	[(xiii)] (xii) a health care clinic; or
214	[(xiv)] (xiii) any other health care facility that the committee designates by rule.
215	(2) (a) In order to discourage identity theft and health insurance fraud, and to reduce
216	the risk of medical errors caused by incorrect medical records, a medical facility or a health
217	professional office shall request identification from an individual prior to providing in-patient
218	or out-patient services to the individual.
219	(b) If the individual who will receive services from the medical facility or a health
220	professional office lacks the legal capacity to consent to treatment, the medical facility or a
221	health professional office shall request identification:
222	(i) for the individual who lacks the legal capacity to consent to treatment; and
223	(ii) from the individual who consents to treatment on behalf of the individual described
224	in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
225	(3) A medical facility or a health professional office:
226	(a) that is subject to EMTALA:
227	(i) may not refuse services to an individual on the basis that the individual did not
228	provide identification when requested; and
229	(ii) shall post notice in its emergency department that informs a patient of the patient's
230	right to treatment for an emergency medical condition under EMTALA;
231	(b) may not be penalized for failing to ask for identification;
232	(c) is not subject to a private right of action for failing to ask for identification; and
233	(d) may document or confirm patient identity by:
234	(i) photograph;
235	(ii) fingerprinting;
236	(iii) palm scan; or
237	(iv) other reasonable means.
238	(4) The identification described in this section:
239	(a) is intended to be used for medical records purposes only; and
240	(b) shall be kept in accordance with the requirements of the Health Insurance
241	Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.
242	Section 6. Section <b>58-31b-502</b> is amended to read:

243 <b>58-31b-502.</b> Unprofessional condu
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- (1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes:
- (a) failure to safeguard a patient's right to privacy as to the patient's person, condition, diagnosis, personal effects, or any other matter about which the licensee is privileged to know because of the licensee's or person with a certification's position or practice as a nurse or practice as a medication aide certified;
- (b) failure to provide nursing service or service as a medication aide certified in a manner that demonstrates respect for the patient's human dignity and unique personal character and needs without regard to the patient's race, religion, ethnic background, socioeconomic status, age, sex, or the nature of the patient's health problem;
  - (c) engaging in sexual relations with a patient during any:
- (i) period when a generally recognized professional relationship exists between the person licensed or certified under this chapter and the patient; or
- (ii) extended period when a patient has reasonable cause to believe a professional relationship exists between the person licensed or certified under the provisions of this chapter and the patient;
- (d) (i) as a result of any circumstance under Subsection (1)(c), exploiting or using information about a patient or exploiting the licensee's or the person with a certification's professional relationship between the licensee or holder of a certification under this chapter and the patient; or
- (ii) exploiting the patient by use of the licensee's or person with a certification's knowledge of the patient obtained while acting as a nurse or a medication aide certified;
  - (e) unlawfully obtaining, possessing, or using any prescription drug or illicit drug;
  - (f) unauthorized taking or personal use of nursing supplies from an employer;
  - (g) unauthorized taking or personal use of a patient's personal property;
  - (h) unlawful or inappropriate delegation of nursing care;
- (i) failure to exercise appropriate supervision of persons providing patient care services under supervision of the licensed nurse;
- (j) employing or aiding and abetting the employment of an unqualified or unlicensed person to practice as a nurse;
  - (k) failure to file or record any medical report as required by law, impeding or

274	obstructing the filing or recording of such a report, or inducing another to fail to file or record
275	such a report;
276	(1) breach of a statutory, common law, regulatory, or ethical requirement of
277	confidentiality with respect to a person who is a patient, unless ordered by a court;
278	(m) failure to pay a penalty imposed by the division;
279	(n) prescribing a Schedule II controlled substance without complying with the
280	requirements in Section 58-31b-803, if applicable;
281	(o) violating Section 58-31b-801;
282	(p) violating the dispensing requirements of Section 58-17b-309 or Chapter 17b, Part
283	8, Dispensing Medical Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if
284	applicable;
285	(q) performing or inducing an abortion in violation of the requirements of Section
286	76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the person licensed or certified under the
287	provisions of this chapter is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation;
288	[(q)] (r) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to
289	conceal:
290	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
291	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
292	(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (o) or Subsection 58-1-501(1); or
293	[(r)] (s) violating the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis
294	Act.
295	(2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter
296	61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, when registered as a qualified medical provider, or acting as
297	a limited medical provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending
298	the use of medical cannabis.
299	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the division, in consultation with the board and in
300	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
301	unprofessional conduct for an advanced practice registered nurse described in Subsection (2).
302	Section 7. Section <b>58-44a-502</b> is amended to read:
303	58-44a-502. Unprofessional conduct.
304	"Unprofessional conduct" includes:

305	(1) disregard for a patient's dignity or right to privacy as to the patient's person,
306	condition, possessions, or medical record;
307	(2) engaging in an act, practice, or omission which when considered with the duties
308	and responsibilities of a certified nurse midwife does or could jeopardize the health, safety, or
309	welfare of a patient or the public;
310	(3) failure to confine one's practice as a certified nurse midwife to those acts or
311	practices permitted by law;
312	(4) failure to file or record any medical report as required by law, impeding or
313	obstructing the filing or recording of such a report, or inducing another to fail to file or record
314	such a report;
315	(5) breach of a statutory, common law, regulatory, or ethical requirement of
316	confidentiality with respect to a person who is a patient, unless ordered by the court;
317	(6) failure to pay a penalty imposed by the division;
318	(7) prescribing a schedule II-III controlled substance without a consulting physician;
319	(8) performing or inducing an abortion in violation of the requirements of Section
320	76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the individual licensed under this chapter
321	is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation;
322	[(8)] (9) (a) failure to have and maintain a safe mechanism for obtaining medical
323	consultation, collaboration, and referral with a consulting physician, including failure to
324	identify one or more consulting physicians in the written documents required by Subsection
325	58-44a-102(9)(b)(iii); or
326	(b) representing that the certified nurse midwife is in compliance with Subsection
327	[(8)(a)] when the certified nurse midwife is not in compliance with Subsection $[(8)(a)]$
328	<u>(9)(a);</u> or
329	[(9)] (10) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to
330	conceal:
331	(a) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
332	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
333	(b) conduct described in Subsections (1) through [(8)] (9) or Subsection 58-1-501(1).
334	Section 8. Section <b>58-67-304</b> is amended to read:
335	58-67-304 License renewal requirements

- (1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule:
- (a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule made in collaboration with the board;
- (b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-67-302(1)(i);
- (c) if the licensee practices medicine in a location with no other persons licensed under this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the identity and location of the contact person and alternate contact person for the licensee; and
- (d) if the licensee is an associate physician licensed under Section 58-67-302.8, successfully complete the educational methods and programs described in Subsection 58-67-807(4).
- (2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-67-303, the continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or decreased proportionally.
  - (3) (a) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall:
- [(a)] (i) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elective abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and
- [(b)] (ii) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious <a href="mailto:physical">physical</a> risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest."
- (b) The statement in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall be modified, if necessary, to ensure compliance with the definitions and requirements of Title 76, Chapter 7, Part 3, Abortion, and Title 76, Chapter 7a, Abortion Prohibition.
- (4) In order to assist the Department of Health <u>and Human Services</u> in fulfilling [its] the department's responsibilities relating to the licensing of [an abortion clinic] a health care

367	facility and the enforcement of Title 76, Chapter 7, Part 3, Abortion, and Title 76, Chapter 7a,
368	Abortion Prohibition, if a physician responds positively to the question described in Subsection
369	[(3)(a), ] $(3)(a)(i)$ the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which $[it]$ the division
370	renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health and Human
371	Services in writing:
372	(a) of the name and business address of the physician; and
373	(b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection
374	[(3)(a)](3)(a)(i).
375	(5) The division shall accept and apply toward the hour requirement in Subsection
376	(1)(a) any continuing education that a physician completes in accordance with Sections
377	26-61a-106 and 26-61a-403.
378	Section 9. Section <b>58-67-502</b> is amended to read:
379	58-67-502. Unprofessional conduct.
380	(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes, in addition to the definition in Section
381	58-1-501:
382	(a) using or employing the services of any individual to assist a licensee in any manner
383	not in accordance with the generally recognized practices, standards, or ethics of the
384	profession, state law, or division rule;
385	(b) making a material misrepresentation regarding the qualifications for licensure under
386	Section 58-67-302.7 or Section 58-67-302.8;
387	(c) violating the dispensing requirements of Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical
388	Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable;
389	(d) violating the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act;
390	[ <del>or</del> ]
391	(e) performing or inducing an abortion in violation of the requirements of Section
392	76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the individual licensed under this chapter
393	is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation; or
394	[(e)] (f) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to
395	conceal:
396	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
397	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or

390	(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (d) or Subsection 38-1-301(1).
399	(2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include:
400	(a) in compliance with Section 58-85-103:
401	(i) obtaining an investigational drug or investigational device;
402	(ii) administering the investigational drug to an eligible patient; or
403	(iii) treating an eligible patient with the investigational drug or investigational device;
404	or
405	(b) in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act:
406	(i) when registered as a qualified medical provider or acting as a limited medical
407	provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending the use of medical
408	cannabis;
409	(ii) when registered as a pharmacy medical provider, as that term is defined in Section
410	26-61a-102, providing pharmacy medical provider services in a medical cannabis pharmacy; or
411	(iii) when registered as a state central patient portal medical provider, as that term is
412	defined in Section 26-61a-102, providing state central patient portal medical provider services.
413	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the division, in consultation with the board and
414	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
415	unprofessional conduct for a physician described in Subsection (2)(b).
416	Section 10. Section <b>58-68-304</b> is amended to read:
417	58-68-304. License renewal requirements.
418	(1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each
419	two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule:
420	(a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance
421	with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule in collaboration with the
422	board;
423	(b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact
424	person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)(i);
425	(c) if the licensee practices osteopathic medicine in a location with no other persons
426	licensed under this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the
427	identity and location of the contact person and alternate contact person for access to medical
428	records for the licensee in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)(j); and

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429	(d) if the licensee is an associate physician licensed under Section 58-68-302.5,	
430	successfully complete the educational methods and programs described in Subsection	
431	58-68-807(4).	
432	(2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-68-303, the	
433	continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or	
434	decreased proportionally.	
435	(3) (a) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall:	
436	[(a)] (i) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elec-	tive
437	abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and	

- [(b)] (ii) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious <a href="mailto:physical">physical</a> risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest."
- (b) The statement in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall be modified, if necessary, to ensure compliance with the definitions and requirements of Title 76, Chapter 7, Part 3, Abortion, and Title 76, Chapter 7a, Abortion Prohibition.
- (4) In order to assist the Department of Health <u>and Human Services</u> in fulfilling [its] the department's responsibilities relating to the licensing of [an abortion clinic] <u>a health care</u> facility and the enforcement of Title 76, Chapter 7, Part 3, Abortion, and Title 76, Chapter 7a, Abortion Prohibition, if a physician responds positively to the question described in Subsection [(3)(a)(i), the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which it renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health <u>and Human Services</u> in writing:
  - (a) of the name and business address of the physician; and
- (b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection [(3)(a)](3)(a)(i).
- (5) The division shall accept and apply toward the hour requirement in Subsection (1)(a) any continuing education that a physician completes in accordance with Sections

460	26-61a-106 and 26-61a-403.
461	Section 11. Section 58-68-502 is amended to read:
462	58-68-502. Unprofessional conduct.
463	(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes, in addition to the definition in Section
464	58-1-501:
465	(a) using or employing the services of any individual to assist a licensee in any manner
466	not in accordance with the generally recognized practices, standards, or ethics of the
467	profession, state law, or division rule;
468	(b) violating the dispensing requirements of Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical
469	Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable;
470	(c) making a material misrepresentation regarding the qualifications for licensure under
471	Section 58-68-302.5;
472	(d) violating the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act;
473	[ <del>or</del> ]
474	(e) performing or inducing an abortion in violation of the requirements of Section
475	76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the individual licensed under this chapter
476	is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation; or
477	[(e)] (f) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to
478	conceal:
479	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
480	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
481	(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (d) or Subsection 58-1-501(1).
482	(2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include:
483	(a) in compliance with Section 58-85-103:
484	(i) obtaining an investigational drug or investigational device;
485	(ii) administering the investigational drug to an eligible patient; or
486	(iii) treating an eligible patient with the investigational drug or investigational device;
487	or
488	(b) in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act:
489	(i) when registered as a qualified medical provider or acting as a limited medical
490	provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending the use of medical

491	cannabis;
492	(ii) when registered as a pharmacy medical provider, as that term is defined in Section
493	26-61a-102, providing pharmacy medical provider services in a medical cannabis pharmacy; or
494	(iii) when registered as a state central patient portal medical provider, as that term is
495	defined in Section 26-61a-102, providing state central patient portal medical provider services.
496	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the division, in consultation with the board and
497	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
498	unprofessional conduct for a physician described in Subsection (2)(b).
499	Section 12. Section <b>58-70a-501</b> is amended to read:
500	58-70a-501. Scope of practice.
501	(1) A physician assistant may provide any medical services that are not specifically
502	prohibited under this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, and that are within the
503	physician assistant's skills and scope of competence.
504	(2) A physician assistant shall consult, collaborate with, and refer to appropriate
505	members of the health care team:
506	(a) as indicated by the patient's condition;
507	(b) based on the physician assistant's education, experience, and competencies;
508	(c) the applicable standard of care; and
509	(d) if applicable, in accordance with the requirements described in Section 58-70a-307.
510	(3) Subject to Section 58-70a-307, the degree of collaboration under Subsection (2):
511	(a) shall be determined at the physician assistant's practice, including decisions made
512	by the physician assistant's:
513	(i) employer;
514	(ii) group;
515	(iii) hospital service; or
516	(iv) health care facility credentialing and privileging system; and
517	(b) may also be determined by a managed care organization with whom the physician
518	assistant is a network provider.
519	(4) A physician assistant may only provide healthcare services:
520	(a) for which the physician assistant has been trained and credentialed, privileged, or
521	authorized to perform; and

322	(b) that are within the physician assistant's practice specialty.
523	(5) A physician assistant may authenticate through a signature, certification, stamp,
524	verification, affidavit, or endorsement any document that may be authenticated by a physician
525	and that is within the physician assistant's scope of practice.
526	(6) A physician assistant is responsible for the care that the physician assistant
527	provides.
528	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7):
529	(i) "ALS/ACLS certification" means a certification:
530	(A) in advanced life support by the American Red Cross;
531	(B) in advanced cardiac life support by the American Heart Association; or
532	(C) that is equivalent to a certification described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B).
533	(ii) "Minimal sedation anxiolysis" means creating a drug induced state:
534	(A) during which a patient responds normally to verbal commands;
535	(B) which may impair cognitive function and physical coordination; and
536	(C) which does not affect airway, reflexes, or ventilatory and cardiovascular function.
537	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (c) through (e), a physician assistant may not
538	administer general anesthetics.
539	(c) A physician assistant may perform minimal sedation anxiolysis if the procedure is
540	within the physician assistant's scope of practice.
541	(d) A physician assistant may perform rapid sequence induction for intubation of a
542	patient if:
543	(i) the procedure is within the physician assistant's scope of practice;
544	(ii) the physician assistant holds a valid ALS/ACLS certification and is credentialed
545	and privileged at the hospital where the procedure is performed; and
546	(iii) (A) a qualified physician is not available and able to perform the procedure; or
547	(B) the procedure is performed by the physician assistant under supervision of or
548	delegation by a physician.
549	(e) Subsection (7)(b) does not apply to anesthetics administered by a physician
550	assistant:
551	(i) in an intensive care unit of a hospital;
552	(ii) for the purpose of enabling a patient to tolerate ventilator support or intubation; and

553	(iii) under supervision of or delegation by a physician whose usual scope of practice
554	includes the procedure.
555	(8) (a) A physician assistant may prescribe or administer an appropriate controlled
556	substance that is within the physician assistant's scope of practice if the physician assistant
557	holds a Utah controlled substance license and a DEA registration.
558	(b) A physician assistant may prescribe, order, administer, and procure a drug or
559	medical device that is within the physician assistant's scope of practice.
560	(c) A physician assistant may dispense a drug if dispensing the drug:
561	(i) is permitted under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act; and
562	(ii) is within the physician assistant's scope of practice.
563	(9) A physician assistant may not perform or induce an abortion in violation of the
564	requirements of Section 76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the physician
565	assistant is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation.
566	[(9)] (10) A physician assistant practicing independently may only perform or provide
567	a health care service that:
568	(a) is appropriate to perform or provide outside of a health care facility; and
569	(b) the physician assistant has been trained and credentialed or authorized to provide or
570	perform independently without physician supervision.
571	[(10)] (11) A physician assistant, while practicing as a physician assistant:
572	(a) shall wear an identification badge showing the physician assistant's license
573	classification as a physician assistant;
574	(b) shall identify themselves to a patient as a physician assistant; and
575	(c) may not identify themselves to any person in connection with activities allowed
576	under this chapter other than as a physician assistant or PA.
577	Section 13. Section <b>58-77-603</b> is amended to read:
578	58-77-603. Prohibited practices.
579	A direct-entry midwife may not:
580	(1) administer a prescription drug to a client in a manner that violates this chapter;
581	(2) effect any type of surgical delivery except for the cutting of an emergency
582	episiotomy;
583	(3) administer any type of epidural, spinal, or caudal anesthetic, or any type of narcotic

584	analgesia;
585	(4) use forceps or a vacuum extractor;
586	(5) manually remove the placenta, except in an emergency that presents an immediate
587	threat to the life of the client; or
588	(6) [induce abortion] perform or induce an abortion in violation of the requirements of
589	Section 76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the direct-entry midwife is found
590	guilty of a crime in connection with the violation.
591	Section 14. Section 63I-2-276 is amended to read:
592	63I-2-276. Repeal dates: Title 76.
593	(1) Subsection 76-5-102.7(2)(b), regarding assault or threat of violence against an
594	owner, employee, or contractor of a health facility, is repealed January 1, 2027.
595	[(2) If Section 76-7-302.4 is not in effect before January 1, 2029, Section 76-7-302.4 is
596	repealed January 1, 2029.]
597	[ <del>(3)</del> ] <u>(2)</u> Section 76-7-305.7 is repealed January 1, 2023.
598	Section 15. Section <b>76-7-301</b> is amended to read:
599	76-7-301. Definitions.
600	As used in this part:
601	(1) (a) "Abortion" means[:] the act, by a physician, of using an instrument, or
602	prescribing a drug, with the intent to cause the death of an unborn child of a woman known to
603	be pregnant, except as permitted under this part.
604	[(i) the intentional termination or attempted termination of human pregnancy after
605	implantation of a fertilized ovum through a medical procedure carried out by a physician or
606	through a substance used under the direction of a physician;]
607	[(ii) the intentional killing or attempted killing of a live unborn child through a medical
608	procedure carried out by a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a
609	physician; or]
610	[(iii) the intentional causing or attempted causing of a miscarriage through a medical
611	procedure carried out by a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a
612	physician.]
613	(b) "Abortion" does not include:
614	(i) removal of a dead unborn child;

615	(ii) removal of an ectopic pregnancy; or
616	(iii) the killing or attempted killing of an unborn child without the consent of the
617	pregnant woman, unless:
618	(A) the killing or attempted killing is done through a medical procedure carried out by
619	a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a physician; and
620	(B) the physician is unable to obtain the consent due to a medical emergency.
621	[(2) "Abortion clinic" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.]
622	[(3)] (2) "Abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-1-102.
623	[(4)] (3) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services.
624	[(5)] (4) "Down syndrome" means a genetic condition associated with an extra
625	chromosome 21, in whole or in part, or an effective trisomy for chromosome 21.
626	[(6)] (5) "Gestational age" means the age of an unborn child as calculated from the first
627	day of the last menstrual period of the pregnant woman.
628	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Hospital" means:
629	(a) a general hospital licensed by the department according to Title 26, Chapter 21,
630	Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act; and
631	(b) a clinic or other medical facility to the extent that such clinic or other medical
632	facility is certified by the department as providing equipment and personnel sufficient in
633	quantity and quality to provide the same degree of safety to the pregnant woman and the
634	unborn child as would be provided for the particular medical procedures undertaken by a
635	general hospital licensed by the department.
636	[(8)] (7) "Information module" means the pregnancy termination information module
637	prepared by the department.
638	[(9)] (8) "Medical emergency" means [that condition which, on the basis of the
639	physician's good faith clinical judgment, so threatens the life of a pregnant woman as to
640	necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death, or for which a delay
641	will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of major bodily function] a
642	life threatening physical condition aggravated by, caused by, or arising from a pregnancy that
643	places the pregnant woman at risk of death, or poses a serious risk of substantial impairment of
644	a major bodily function, unless the abortion is performed or induced.
645	$\left[\frac{(10)}{(9)}\right]$ "Minor" means an individual who is:

646	(a) under 18 years old;
647	(b) unmarried; and
648	(c) not emancipated.
649	[(11)] $(10)$ $(a)$ "Partial birth abortion" means an abortion in which the person
650	performing the abortion:
651	(i) deliberately and intentionally vaginally delivers a living fetus until, in the case of a
652	head first presentation, the entire fetal head is outside the body of the mother, or, in the case of
653	breech presentation, any part of the fetal trunk past the navel is outside the body of the mother,
654	for the purpose of performing an overt act that the person knows will kill the partially delivered
655	living fetus; and
656	(ii) performs the overt act, other than completion of delivery, that kills the partially
657	living fetus.
658	(b) "Partial birth abortion" does not include the dilation and evacuation procedure
659	involving dismemberment prior to removal, the suction curettage procedure, or the suction
660	aspiration procedure for abortion.
661	(11) "Perinatal hospice" means comprehensive support to the mother and her family
662	from the time of the diagnosis of a lethal fetal anomaly, through the time of the child's birth,
663	and through the postpartum period, that:
664	(a) focuses on alleviating fear and ensuring that the woman and her family experience
665	the life and death of a child in a comfortable and supportive environment; and
666	(b) may include counseling or medical care by:
667	(i) maternal-fetal medical specialists;
668	(ii) obstetricians;
669	(iii) neonatologists;
670	(iv) anesthesia specialists;
671	(v) psychiatrists, psychologists, or other mental health providers;
672	(vi) clergy;
673	(vii) social workers; or
674	(viii) specialty nurses.
675	(12) "Physician" means:
676	(a) a medical doctor licensed to practice medicine and surgery under Title 58, Chapter

6//	67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
678	(b) an osteopathic physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine under Title 58,
679	Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
680	(c) a physician employed by the federal government who has qualifications similar to
681	[a person] an individual described in Subsection [(12)(a)] (11)(a) or (b).
682	(13) (a) "Severe brain abnormality" means a malformation or defect that causes an
683	individual to live in a mentally vegetative state.
684	(b) "Severe brain abnormality" does not include:
685	(i) Down syndrome;
686	(ii) spina bifida;
687	(iii) cerebral palsy; or
688	(iv) any other malformation, defect, or condition that does not cause an individual to
689	live in a mentally vegetative state.
690	Section 16. Section 76-7-302 is amended to read:
691	76-7-302. Circumstances under which abortion authorized.
692	[(1) As used in this section, "viable" means that the unborn child has reached a stage of
693	fetal development when the unborn child is potentially able to live outside the womb, as
694	determined by the attending physician to a reasonable degree of medical certainty.]
695	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ An abortion may be performed in this state only by a physician.
696	[(3)] (2) An abortion may be performed in this state only under the following
697	circumstances:
698	(a) the unborn child [is not viable; or] has not reached 18 weeks gestational age;
699	(b) the unborn child [is viable, if:] has reached 18 weeks gestational age, and:
700	(i) the abortion is necessary to avert:
701	(A) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
702	(B) a serious <u>physical</u> risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major
703	bodily function of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
704	(ii) subject to Subsection (4), two physicians who practice maternal fetal medicine
705	concur, in writing, in the patient's medical record that the fetus[:] has a fetal abnormality that in
706	the physicians' reasonable medical judgment is incompatible with life; or
707	[(A) has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal; or]

708	[(B) has a severe brain abnormality that is uniformly diagnosable; or]
709	[ <del>(iii) (A)</del> ]
710	(c) the unborn child has not reached 18 weeks gestational age; and
711	(i) (A) the woman is pregnant as a result of:
712	(I) rape, as described in Section 76-5-402;
713	(II) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1; or
714	(III) incest, as described in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) or Section 76-7-102; [and] or
715	(B) the pregnant woman is under the age of 14; and
716	[(B)] (ii) before the abortion is performed, the physician who performs the abortion:
717	[(1)] (A) for an abortion authorized under Subsection (2)(c)(i)(A), verifies that the
718	incident described in Subsection $[(3)(b)(iii)(A)]$ $(2)(c)(i)(A)$ has been reported to law
719	enforcement; and
720	[(H)] (B) if applicable, complies with the requirements of Section 80-2-602.
721	[(4)] (3) An abortion may be performed only in [an abortion clinic or] a hospital, unless
722	it is necessary to perform the abortion in another location due to a medical emergency.
723	(4) If the unborn child has been diagnosed with a fetal abnormality that is incompatible
724	with life, at the time of the diagnosis, the physician shall inform the woman, both verbally and
725	in writing, that perinatal hospice and perinatal palliative care services are available and are an
726	alternative to abortion.
727	Section 17. Section <b>76-7-302.4</b> is amended to read:
728	76-7-302.4. Abortion restriction of an unborn child with Down syndrome.
729	Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, an abortion may not be performed if
730	the pregnant mother's sole reason for the abortion is that the unborn child has or may have
731	Down syndrome, unless the abortion is permissible for a reason described in [Subsection
732	<del>76-7-302(3)(b)</del> ] Section <u>76-7-302</u> .
733	Section 18. Section <b>76-7-304</b> is amended to read:
734	76-7-304. Considerations by physician Notice to a parent or guardian
735	Exceptions.
736	(1) To enable the physician to exercise the physician's best medical judgment, the
737	physician shall consider all factors relevant to the well-being of a pregnant woman upon whom
738	an abortion is to be performed, including:

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739 (a) her physical, emotional, and psychological health and safety; 740 (b) her age; and 741 (c) her familial situation. 742 (2) Subject to Subsection (3), at least 24 hours before a physician performs an abortion 743 on a minor, the physician shall notify a parent or guardian of the minor that the minor intends 744 to have an abortion. 745 (3) A physician is not required to comply with Subsection (2) if: 746 (a) subject to Subsection (4)(a): 747 (i) a medical condition exists that, on the basis of the physician's good faith clinical 748 judgment, so complicates the medical condition of a pregnant minor as to necessitate the 749 abortion of her pregnancy to avert: 750 (A) the minor's death; or 751 (B) a serious physical risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major bodily function of the minor; and 752 753 (ii) there is not sufficient time to give the notice required under Subsection (2) before it 754 is necessary to terminate the minor's pregnancy in order to avert the minor's death or 755 impairment described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); 756 (b) subject to Subsection (4)(b): 757 (i) the physician complies with Subsection (5); and 758 (ii) (A) the minor is pregnant as a result of incest to which the parent or guardian was a 759 party; or 760 (B) the parent or guardian has abused the minor; or 761 (c) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the parent or guardian has not assumed responsibility 762 for the minor's care and upbringing. 763 (4) (a) If, for the reason described in Subsection (3)(a), a physician does not give the 764 24-hour notice described in Subsection (2), the physician shall give the required notice as early 765 as possible before the abortion, unless it is necessary to perform the abortion immediately in

(b) If, for a reason described in Subsection (3)(b) or (c), a parent or guardian of a minor

is not notified that the minor intends to have an abortion, the physician shall notify another

parent or guardian of the minor, if the minor has another parent or guardian that is not exempt

order to avert the minor's death or impairment described in Subsection (3)(a)(i).

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770	from notification under Subsection (	(3)	)(	b	) or (	[c]	)

- (5) If, for a reason described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A) or (B), a physician does not notify a parent or guardian of a minor that the minor intends to have an abortion, the physician shall report the incest or abuse to the Division of Child and Family Services within the Department of Health and Human Services.
  - Section 19. Section **76-7-304.5** is amended to read:
- 76-7-304.5. Consent required for abortions performed on minors -- Division of Child and Family Services as guardian of a minor -- Hearing to allow a minor to self-consent -- Appeals.
- (1) In addition to the other requirements of this part, a physician may not perform an abortion on a minor unless:
- (a) the physician obtains the informed written consent of a parent or guardian of the minor, in accordance with Sections 76-7-305 and 76-7-305.5;
- (b) the minor is granted the right, by court order under Subsection (4)(b), to consent to the abortion without obtaining consent from a parent or guardian; or
- (c) (i) a medical condition exists that, on the basis of the physician's good faith clinical judgment, so complicates the medical condition of a pregnant minor as to necessitate the abortion of her pregnancy to avert:
  - (A) the minor's death; or
- (B) a serious <u>physical</u> risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major bodily function of the minor; and
- (ii) there is not sufficient time to obtain the consent in the manner chosen by the minor under Subsection (2) before it is necessary to terminate the minor's pregnancy in order to avert the minor's death or impairment described in Subsection (1)(c)(i).
  - (2) (a) A minor who wants to have an abortion may choose:
- 795 (i) to seek consent from the minor's parent or guardian as described in Subsection (1); 796 or
  - (ii) to seek a court order as described in Subsection (1).
- 798 (b) Neither Subsection (1) nor this Subsection (2) require the minor to seek or obtain 799 consent from the minor's parent or guardian if the circumstances described in Subsection 800 76-7-304(3)(b)(ii) exist.

801	(3) If a minor does not obtain the consent of the minor's parent or guardian, the minor
802	may file a petition with the juvenile court to obtain a court order as described in Subsection (1).
803	(4) (a) The juvenile court shall close the hearing on a petition described in Subsection
804	(3) to the public.
805	(b) After considering the evidence presented at the hearing, the court shall order that
806	the minor may obtain an abortion without the consent of a parent or guardian of the minor if
807	the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that:
808	(i) the minor:
809	(A) has given her informed consent to the abortion; and
810	(B) is mature and capable of giving informed consent to the abortion; or
811	(ii) an abortion would be in the minor's best interest.
812	(5) The Judicial Council shall make rules that:
813	(a) provide for the administration of the proceedings described in this section;
814	(b) provide for the appeal of a court's decision under this section;
815	(c) ensure the confidentiality of the proceedings described in this section and the
816	records related to the proceedings; and
817	(d) establish procedures to expedite the hearing and appeal proceedings described in
818	this section.
819	Section 20. Section <b>76-7-305</b> is amended to read:
820	76-7-305. Informed consent requirements for abortion 72-hour wait mandatory
821	Exceptions.
822	(1) A person may not perform an abortion, unless, before performing the abortion, the
823	physician who will perform the abortion obtains from the woman on whom the abortion is to
824	be performed a voluntary and informed written consent that is consistent with:
825	(a) Section 8.08 of the American Medical Association's Code of Medical Ethics,
826	Current Opinions; and
827	(b) the provisions of this section.
828	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (8), consent to an abortion is voluntary and
829	informed only if, at least 72 hours before the abortion:
830	(a) a staff member of [an abortion clinic or] a hospital, physician, registered nurse,
831	nurse practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic

counselor, or physician's assistant presents the information module to the pregnant woman;

- (b) the pregnant woman views the entire information module and presents evidence to the individual described in Subsection (2)(a) that the pregnant woman viewed the entire information module;
- (c) after receiving the evidence described in Subsection (2)(b), the individual described in Subsection (2)(a):
  - (i) documents that the pregnant woman viewed the entire information module;
- (ii) gives the pregnant woman, upon her request, a copy of the documentation described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- (iii) provides a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the physician who is to perform the abortion, upon request of that physician or the pregnant woman;
- (d) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician, a physician, a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic counselor, or physician's assistant, in a face-to-face consultation in any location in the state, orally informs the woman of:
  - (i) the nature of the proposed abortion procedure;
- (ii) specifically how the procedure described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) will affect the fetus;
  - (iii) the risks and alternatives to the abortion procedure or treatment;
- (iv) the options and consequences of aborting a medication-induced abortion, if the proposed abortion procedure is a medication-induced abortion;
- (v) the probable gestational age and a description of the development of the unborn child at the time the abortion would be performed;
  - (vi) the medical risks associated with carrying her child to term;
- (vii) the right to view an ultrasound of the unborn child, at no expense to the pregnant woman, upon her request; and
- (viii) when the result of a prenatal screening or diagnostic test indicates that the unborn child has or may have Down syndrome, the [Department of Health website containing] department's website, which contains the information described in Section 26-10-14, including the information on the informational support sheet; and

863 (e) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, a staff member of 864 the [abortion clinic or] hospital provides to the pregnant woman: 865 (i) on a document that the pregnant woman may take home: 866 (A) the address for the department's website described in Section 76-7-305.5; and 867 (B) a statement that the woman may request, from a staff member of the [abortion 868 clinic or hospital where the woman viewed the information module, a printed copy of the 869 material on the department's website; 870 (ii) a printed copy of the material on the department's website described in Section 871 76-7-305.5, if requested by the pregnant woman; and (iii) a copy of the form described in Subsection 26-21-33(3)(a)(i) regarding the 872 873 disposition of the aborted fetus. 874 (3) Before performing an abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion shall: 875 (a) in a face-to-face consultation, provide the information described in Subsection (2)(d), unless the attending physician or referring physician is the individual who provided the 876 877 information required under Subsection (2)(d); and 878 (b) (i) obtain from the pregnant woman a written certification that the information 879 required to be provided under Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3) was provided in 880 accordance with the requirements of Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3): 881 (ii) obtain a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and 882 (iii) ensure that: 883 (A) the woman has received the information described in Subsections 26-21-33(3) and 884 (4); and 885 (B) if the woman has a preference for the disposition of the aborted fetus, the woman 886 has informed the health care facility of the woman's decision regarding the disposition of the 887 aborted fetus. 888 (4) When a [serious] medical emergency compels the performance of an abortion, the 889 physician shall inform the woman prior to the abortion, if possible, of the medical indications 890 supporting the physician's judgment that an abortion is necessary. 891 (5) If an ultrasound is performed on a woman before an abortion is performed, the 892 individual who performs the ultrasound, or another qualified individual, shall:

(a) inform the woman that the ultrasound images will be simultaneously displayed in a

394	manner to permit her to:
395	(i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or
896	(ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images;
397	(b) simultaneously display the ultrasound images in order to permit the woman to:
898	(i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or
399	(ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images;
900	(c) inform the woman that, if she desires, the person performing the ultrasound, or
901	another qualified person shall provide a detailed description of the ultrasound images,
902	including:
903	(i) the dimensions of the unborn child;
904	(ii) the presence of cardiac activity in the unborn child, if present and viewable; and
905	(iii) the presence of external body parts or internal organs, if present and viewable; and
906	(d) provide the detailed description described in Subsection (5)(c), if the woman
907	requests it.
908	(6) The information described in Subsections (2), (3), and (5) is not required to be
909	provided to a pregnant woman under this section if the abortion is performed for a reason
910	described in:
911	(a) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(i), if the treating physician and one other physician
912	concur, in writing, that the abortion is necessary to avert:
913	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
914	(ii) a serious <u>physical</u> risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major
915	bodily function of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
916	(b) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(ii).
917	(7) In addition to the criminal penalties described in this part, a physician who violates
918	the provisions of this section:
919	(a) is guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined in Section 58-67-102 or 58-68-102;
920	and
921	(b) shall be subject to:
922	(i) suspension or revocation of the physician's license for the practice of medicine and
923	surgery in accordance with Section 58-67-401 or 58-68-401; and
924	(ii) administrative penalties in accordance with Section 58-67-402 or 58-68-402

925 (8) A physician is not guilty of violating this section for failure to furnish any of the 926 information described in Subsection (2) or (3), or for failing to comply with Subsection (5), if: 927 (a) the physician can demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the 928 physician reasonably believed that furnishing the information would have resulted in a severely 929 adverse effect on the physical or mental health of the pregnant woman; 930 (b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary to avert: 931 (i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or 932 (ii) a serious physical risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major 933 bodily function of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; 934 (c) the pregnancy was the result of rape or rape of a child, as described in Sections 935 76-5-402 and 76-5-402.1; 936 (d) the pregnancy was the result of incest, as defined in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) and 937 Section 76-7-102: or 938 (e) at the time of the abortion, the pregnant woman was 14 years old or younger. 939 (9) A physician who complies with the provisions of this section and Section 940 76-7-304.5 may not be held civilly liable to the physician's patient for failure to obtain 941 informed consent under Section 78B-3-406. 942 (10) (a) The department shall provide an ultrasound, in accordance with the provisions 943 of Subsection (5)(b), at no expense to the pregnant woman. 944 (b) A local health department shall refer a pregnant woman who requests an ultrasound 945 described in Subsection (10)(a) to the department. 946 (11) A physician is not guilty of violating this section if: 947 (a) the information described in Subsection (2) is provided less than 72 hours before 948 the physician performs the abortion; and 949 (b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary in a case 950 where: 951 (i) a ruptured membrane, documented by the attending or referring physician, will 952 cause a serious infection; or 953 (ii) a serious infection, documented by the attending or referring physician, will cause a 954 ruptured membrane.

Section 21. Section **76-7-314** is amended to read:

956	76-7-314. Violations of abortion laws Classifications.
957	(1) [A willful] An intentional violation of Section 76-7-307, 76-7-308, 76-7-310,
958	76-7-310.5, 76-7-311, or 76-7-312 is a felony of the third degree.
959	(2) A violation of Section 76-7-326 is a felony of the third degree.
960	(3) A violation of Section [ <del>76-7-302.5 or</del> ] 76-7-314.5 is a felony of the second degree.
961	(4) A violation of any other provision of this part, including Subsections
962	76-7-305(2)(a) through (c), and (e), is a class A misdemeanor.
963	(5) The [Department of Health] department shall report a physician's violation of any
964	provision of this part to the Physicians Licensing Board, described in Section 58-67-201.
965	(6) Any person with knowledge of a physician's violation of any provision of this part
966	may report the violation to the Physicians Licensing Board, described in Section 58-67-201.
967	(7) In addition to the penalties described in this section, the department may take any
968	action described in Section 26-21-11 against [an abortion clinic] a health care facility if a
969	violation of this chapter occurs at the [abortion clinic] health care facility.
970	Section 22. Section <b>76-7-314.5</b> is amended to read:
971	76-7-314.5. Killing an unborn child.
972	(1) A person is guilty of killing an unborn child if the person intentionally causes the
973	death of an unborn child by performing an abortion of the unborn child in violation of the
974	provisions of Subsection [ <del>76-7-302(3)</del> ] <u>76-7-302(2)</u> .
975	(2) A woman is not criminally liable for:
976	(a) seeking to obtain, or obtaining, an abortion that is permitted by this part; or
977	(b) a physician's failure to comply with Subsection [ <del>76-7-302(3)(b)(ii)</del> ]
978	76-7-302(2)(b)(ii) or Section 76-7-305.
979	Section 23. Section 76-7-317 is amended to read:
980	76-7-317. Severability clause.
981	If any one or more provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of
982	this part or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is found to be
983	unconstitutional, the same is hereby declared to be severable and the balance of this part shall
984	remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The legislature hereby declares that
985	it would have passed this part, and each provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase,
986	or word thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more provision, section, subsection,

987	sentence, clause, phrase, or word be declared unconstitutional. This section applies to any
988	provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this part, regardless of the
989	time of enactment, amendment, or repeal.
990	Section 24. Section <b>76-7-332</b> is enacted to read:
991	76-7-332. Drugs known to be used for abortion Prescriber limitation
992	Criminal penalties Pharmacy presumption for other use.
993	(1) As used in the section, "abortion-related drug" means a drug or medication that is
994	known to be used for the purpose of performing an abortion, and includes:
995	(a) methotrexate, or methotrexate with misoprostol;
996	(b) mifepristone, also known as mifeprex;
997	(c) misoprostol, also known as cytotec; and
998	(d) RU-486.
999	(2) An individual may not prescribe an abortion-related drug for the purpose of causing
1000	an abortion, unless the individual is licensed as a physician in this state under:
1001	(a) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
1002	(b) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
1003	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1004	(4) (a) Any prescription or medical order for a drug that is known to possibly cause an
1005	abortion shall be presumed by a pharmacy to be for an indication other than for the termination
1006	of a pregnancy.
1007	(b) A pharmacy dispensing a prescription or medical order for a drug that is known to
1008	possibly cause an abortion shall not be required to verify whether or not the prescription or
1009	medical order violates any provision of this chapter.
1010	Section 25. Section <b>76-7a-101</b> is amended to read:
1011	76-7a-101. Definitions.
1012	As used in this chapter:
1013	(1) (a) "Abortion" means[:] the act, by a physician, of using an instrument, or
1014	prescribing a drug, with the intent to cause the death of an unborn child of a woman known to
1015	be pregnant, except as permitted under this chapter.
1016	[(i) the intentional termination or attempted termination of human pregnancy after
1017	implantation of a fertilized ovum through a medical procedure carried out by a physician or

1010	through a substance used under the direction of a physician,
1019	[(ii) the intentional killing or attempted killing of a live unborn child through a medical
1020	procedure carried out by a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a
1021	physician; or]
1022	[(iii) the intentional causing or attempted causing of a miscarriage through a medical
1023	procedure carried out by a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a
1024	<del>physician.</del> ]
1025	(b) "Abortion" does not include:
1026	(i) removal of a dead unborn child;
1027	(ii) removal of an ectopic pregnancy; or
1028	(iii) the killing or attempted killing of an unborn child without the consent of the
1029	pregnant woman, unless:
1030	(A) the killing or attempted killing is done through a medical procedure carried out by
1031	a physician or through a substance used under the direction of a physician; and
1032	(B) the physician is unable to obtain the consent due to a medical emergency.
1033	[(2) "Abortion clinic" means a type I abortion clinic licensed by the state or a type II
1034	abortion clinic licensed by the state.]
1035	[(3)] (2) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services.
1036	[(4)] (3) "Down syndrome" means a genetic condition associated with an extra
1037	chromosome 21, in whole or in part, or an effective trisomy for chromosome 21.
1038	[ <del>(5)</del> ] <u>(4)</u> "Hospital" means:
1039	(a) a general hospital licensed by the department; or
1040	(b) a clinic or other medical facility to the extent the clinic or other medical facility is
1041	certified by the department as providing equipment and personnel sufficient in quantity and
1042	quality to provide the same degree of safety to a pregnant woman and an unborn child as would
1043	be provided for the particular medical procedure undertaken by a general hospital licensed by
1044	the department.
1045	[(6) "Incest" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-1-102.]
1046	[(7)] (5) "Medical emergency" means a [condition which, on the basis of the
1047	physician's good faith clinical judgment, so threatens the life of a pregnant woman as to
1048	necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death, or for which a delay

1049	will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of major bodily function] <u>life</u>
1050	threatening physical condition aggravated by, caused by, or arising from a pregnancy that
1051	places the pregnant woman at risk of death, or poses a serious risk of substantial impairment of
1052	a major bodily function, unless the abortion is performed or induced.
1053	(6) "Perinatal hospice" means comprehensive support to the mother and her family
1054	from the time of the diagnosis of a lethal fetal anomaly, through the time of the child's birth,
1055	and through the postpartum period, that:
1056	(a) focuses on alleviating fear and ensuring that the woman and her family experience
1057	the life and death of a child in a comfortable and supportive environment; and
1058	(b) may include counseling or medical care by:
1059	(i) maternal-fetal medical specialists;
1060	(ii) obstetricians;
1061	(iii) neonatologists;
1062	(iv) anesthesia specialists;
1063	(v) psychiatrists, psychologists, or other mental health providers;
1064	(vi) clergy;
1065	(vii) social workers; or
1066	(viii) specialty nurses
1067	[ <del>(8)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> "Physician" means:
1068	(a) a medical doctor licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the state;
1069	(b) an osteopathic physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in the state; or
1070	(c) a physician employed by the federal government who has qualifications similar to
1071	an individual described in Subsection $[(8)(a) \text{ or } (b)]$ $\underline{(6)(a) \text{ or } (b)}$ .
1072	[(9) "Rape" means the same as that term is defined in Title 76, Utah Criminal Code.]
1073	[(10)] (8) (a) "Severe brain abnormality" means a malformation or defect that causes an
1074	individual to live in a mentally vegetative state.
1075	(b) "Severe brain abnormality" does not include:
1076	(i) Down syndrome;
1077	(ii) spina bifida;
1078	(iii) cerebral palsy; or
1079	(iv) any other malformation, defect, or condition that does not cause an individual to

1080	live in a mentally vegetative state.
1081	Section 26. Section <b>76-7a-201</b> is amended to read:
1082	76-7a-201. Abortion prohibition Exceptions Penalties.
1083	(1) An abortion may be performed in this state only under the following circumstances:
1084	(a) the abortion is necessary to avert:
1085	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
1086	(ii) a serious physical risk of substantial [and irreversible] impairment of a major
1087	bodily function of the woman on whom the abortion is performed;
1088	(b) subject to Subsection (3), two physicians who practice maternal fetal medicine
1089	concur, in writing, in the patient's medical record that the fetus[÷] has a fetal abnormality that in
1090	the physicians' reasonable medical judgment is incompatible with life; or
1091	[(i) has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal; or]
1092	[(ii) has a severe brain abnormality that is uniformly diagnosable; or]
1093	(c) [(i)] the unborn child has not reached 18 weeks gestational age; and
1094	(i) (A) the woman is pregnant as a result of:
1095	[(A)] (I) rape, as described in Section 76-5-402;
1096	[(B)] (II) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1; or
1097	[(C)] (III) incest[; and], as described in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) or Section 76-7-102;
1098	<u>or</u>
1099	(B) the pregnant woman is under the age of 14; and
1100	(ii) before the abortion is performed, the physician who performs the abortion:
1101	(A) for an abortion authorized under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(A), verifies that the incident
1102	described in Subsection $[(1)(c)(i)]$ $(1)(c)(i)(A)$ has been reported to law enforcement; and
1103	(B) if applicable, complies with requirements related to reporting suspicions of or
1104	known child abuse.
1105	(2) An abortion may be performed only:
1106	(a) by a physician; and
1107	(b) in [an abortion clinic or] a hospital, unless it is necessary to perform the abortion in
1108	another location due to a medical emergency.
1109	(3) If the unborn child has been diagnosed with a fetal abnormality that is incompatible
1110	with life, at the time of the diagnosis, the physician shall inform the woman, both verbally and

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1111	in writing, that perinatal hospice services and perinatal palliative care are available and are an
1112	alternative to abortion.
1113	[(3)] (4) A person who performs an abortion in violation of this section is guilty of a
1114	second degree felony.
1115	[4] (5) In addition to the penalty described in Subsection $[3]$ (4), the department
1116	may take appropriate corrective action against [an abortion clinic] a health care facility,
1117	including revoking the [abortion clinic's] health care facility's license, if a violation of this
1118	chapter occurs at the [abortion clinic] health care facility.
1119	[(5)] (6) The department shall report a physician's violation of any provision of this
1120	section to the state entity that regulates the licensing of a physician.
1121	Section 27. Repealer.
1122	This bill repeals:
1123	Section 76-7-302 5 Circumstances under which abortion prohibited